教科書の各レッスンのテーマに合わせた設問で, Workbook I 

問題を解きながら各テーマについて自分の考えを表現する力を身につける

7 ことばと思考について考える ─嗣─ ○ ★ # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	(3) 医型 大学生の時は指字が得意で、こんなことを言っている。 I'm studying English and French. ( planning / Chinese / learn / moreover, / to / I'm / otherwise, ) next year.
1) someone who is able to speak two languages equally fluently 2) the form of a language which is spoken only in a particular part of a country 3) the movement of part of your body to express emotion or information 4) the first and main language that you learn as a child 5) words and expressions that are very informal and are used only by a particular group a dialect b, mother toneue c, exiture d, bilineval e, shang	(4) 医型 なかなか美語が上達しないので、先生に相談したら、こう言われた。 To master English, you should go to an English-speaking country, (English / every day / you / where / on / use / can ).
a. dialect   b. mother tongue   c. gesture   d. bilingual   e. slang     2 日本語に合うように、( ) に適語を入れなさい。ただし、頭文字が指定されているものもある。 (1) マイクはしばしばラジギの日本渦海形を敷ぐ。   Mike ( )   listers to Japanese radio language programs.   2 エマはロンドンの間身だが、低たちといっしょのときはかったに楽器を書きない。   C. Emman is from London. ( ) , she ( ) speaks English when she is with us. ( ) かつの側側部の力は像をに向上し、今では完壁に前すことができる。   Ken's Korean has ( ) improved, and now, he can speak it ( ) , ( ) 力はいっとうとも見まる。   C. Rika always talks ( ) ( ) .	■ 日本語と [ ] 内の語を参考にして空所に入る英文をつくり、会語文を完成させなさい。 Tom: You want to be a cabin attendant, don't you?  Liz: Yes。  So  「study / English ] (とても一生懸命に表語を確止している)  What do you want to do?  Tom: I want to play soccer in Brazil. So I have to study Portuguese, but it's really hard.  Liz: Well, you have a definite goal, so  [work / archieve]  Tom: Well, you're probably right.
3 各組の英文がほぼ阿じ内容になるように、( ) に適語を入れなさい。 (1) It is probable that some Aboriginal languages will disappear in the future. Some Aboriginal languages will ( ) disappear in the future. (2) Lisa learns forciga languages ( ) ( ) disappear in the future.  Lisa learns forciga languages ( ) ( ), (3) It is unfortunate that only a small number of high school students study a third language. ( ) ( ), only a small number of high school students study a third language. ( ) It's certain that Jun will be a good English teacher. Jun will ( ) be a good English teacher. Jun will ( ) be a good English teacher.  5 与えら九た状況に合うように、( ) 内の語句を他へかえて、全文を書きなざい、ただし、不要な語句が1つずつ含まれています。 ( ) 対応ですつ含まれています。 ( ) 対応でいるがは、カタカナ、漢字という表記体系があるが、世界を見渡せび・・。 ( writing / no / haw? languages / not / a / all ) system.	6 下縁節)、②の日本語を、[ ] 内の語句を参考にして、英語にしなさい。 In the Meiji period, a politician named Mori Arinori strongly argued that Japan must abolist the Japanese language and make English its official language in order to learn from the Wes and modernize. Of course, this son to carried out. Actually, instead of changing the official language, the Japanese socied new words such as "shakai" "keizai" and 'kindai' and enriche the Japanese Inguage.  However, if Japan had made English its official language, Japanese society would have been fundamentally changed. 日本人が海外出身の人とコミュニケンコンととることは、より非男になったからしれません。 But on the other hand、最近ちは私たちの伝統的な文化のほぼすべてを実ったことでしょう。 ① It might
(2) 証 私たちのクラスには衛子生が2人いるが、それ以外は…。  Japanese is the native language (all / in / students / of / the / every / almost ) our class.	② we would
20	(2) 率い、私は空港で日本語を少し話せる男柱に出会った。[fortunately / meet ]a man at the airport who 21

## 入試問題に挑戦③

(1		も適切な語句を①・ )eats anything th			(千葉工業大)
	① hard	② harden	③ hardly	<li>4 harder</li>	
(2)	Not ( ) wl	at to say, I kept si ② knowing	ilent. ③ know	4 known	(埼玉医科大)
(3	I will let you  ① what	know ( ) I get:	more information  ③ who	about the problem.  ④ whom	(松山大)
(4	) ( ) your p	lans are, we would ② Whoever	l like to know wh ③ Whatever	at we can do to help.  ④ Where	(大阪経済大)
(5	① Ellie studied ① for	hard ( ) that si	he could pass the ③ therefore	exam. ④ then	(東京経済大)
-				べかえ、全文を書きなさい。 u / by yourself / are / to / end	ugh ). (芝浦工業大)
(2	He sat on on	e side of the table	( facing / on / th	ne / his / father ) other side.	(至学館大)
(3	You cannot s	tudy hard with ( s	o much / your /	making / television / noise ).	(福島大)
		には複雑すぎて、	どこから手をつけ	全文を書きなさい。 ていいのかわからない。 know / where ) start.	(関東学院大)
(2	(2) この家は私が住むには十分な広さがある。 This house is large ( for / enough / to / me ) live in.			(岐阜聖德学園大)	
	) 彼はとても影	響力のある政治家	なのだからもっと	責任をもって行動するべきだ。	(松山大)
(3	( politician /	a / influential / b	eing / very ), he	should act more responsibly.	

4	以下の対話文を読み、( ) に最もよくあてはまるものを選び、記号で答えなさい。 (宮崎大) <i>JEFF</i> : Hey Mark. Nice to see you up so early. Are you studying for a test or something?
	MARK: (1)( )
	JEFF: Is that so? I thought you were working at the library.
	MARK: (2)(
	I'm looking for something I can do on the weekends when I have more time.
	JEFF: OK. That makes sense. Actually, I may know a place that needs extra help. Are you fine with working at a café?
	MARK: (3)(
	Are they looking for a server or a cashier?
	JEFF: If I remember correctly, they are actually looking for a pastry cook.
	MARK: Really? I'm not so certain I would be a good choice then.
	(4)( )
	JEFF: I'd have to ask my friend who works there, but I don't think that'll be a problem. There's a full-time cook there already. You'd just be helping out.
	MARK: If I don't need to do it alone, maybe I can do it. And, I could learn something new.
	(5)( )
	JEFF: Just go there after class. It's the café next to the art museum. Ask for Judy. She'll help.
	MARK: That's a good idea. I can go there in the afternoon after my last class.
	(6)(
	JEFF: Yes, as far as I know. She's a cashier there, so just look for her behind the counter.
	MARK: (7)(
	(A) Sure. I don't have any experience, but I think I can manage.
	(B) It might be a bit late, but will your friend still be working after 6 p.m.?
	(C) Thanks so much for telling me about this, Jeff. Wish me luck!
	(D) Not at the moment. Actually, I'm looking for another part-time job.
	(E) Well, I'm still doing that, but I can only get shifts during the week.
	(F) Can you find out from your friend who I should talk to?
	(G) I can cook a little, but I don't know how to bake at all.
	(b) I can cook a mac, but I don't move to bake a can.
5	次の英語の指示に従って、60語程度の英語で著えなさい、なお、解答用紙の指定した( ) 標に、使 用した語数を記入すること。ただし、コンマやビリオドなどの記号は語数には入れない。 (p.46に入及身代支幣を賜り) (偽眼大)
	People have different ways of escaping the stress and difficulties of life. Some like to read while other people like to exercise. What do you think is the best way to reduce stress? Give reasons to explain your answer.