Workbook Ⅱ → 教科書のテーマに合わせた語彙・表現を豊富な演習問題で学習。 最新の入試から、文法問題・会話問題を掲載

学校生活について話す―助動詞―	数料書 pp.25-28 参考書 pp.122-163	(3) たった今、同先生を体育館で見たから、先生は職員室にいるはずがない。 (the teachers' office / cannot / in / because / Mr. Oka / be ) I saw him in the gym just now.
下線部とほぼ同じ意味の語句を下の(a)~(e)より選びなさい。	(1)( )	(4) 運動会は雨のせいで延期されるかもしれない。
I have to <u>hand in</u> this report by next Monday.      Ellie is going to take part in the golf tournament next weekend.	(2)(	(4) 地側 対 (put / of / be / might / off / because ) the rain.
(3) We have a dance lesson once a week.	(3)( )	Sports Day \ put / or / be / might / or / because / tile rain.
(4) Henry has to quit the swimming club because of injury.	(4)(	
(5) What do you want to major in in college?	(5)( )	
(a) specialize in (b) leave (c) participate in (d) take (e) turn in		5 下の[ ] から適切な語を選び、空所に書き入れなさい。ただし同じ語は 2 度使えない。 A: Do you know where Lisa is?
		B: I don't know, but she be on the tennis court. She's been practicing a lot lately
日本語に合うように、( ) に適語を入れなさい。		A: Yeah, especially since she lost the final match last fall. She probably feels she @
(1) 音楽室でピアノを弾いている女の子はメイにちがいない。	В	have practiced harder before the match.
The girl playing the piano in the music room ( ) ( ) May.		B: She (3)feel that way. She did her best. She was just unlucky. She (4)
(2) 私は今日、ひどい頭痛のため、早退しなくてはならなかった。	A	surely win the next tournament.
I ( ) leave school early today because of a bad headach		[ will / shouldn't / might / should ]
(3) トムはさっき学食に行って、まだそこにいるはずだ。	B	Company of the state of the sta
Tom went to the school cafeteria a little while ago and he ( ) still be (4) 英語の教科書が見つからない。家に置き忘れたのかもしれない。	there.	6 イラスト中の生徒について、[ ] 内の語を参考にして、「~したにちがいない」と過去の行動を推 する英文をつくりなさい。
I ( ) find my English textbook. I ( ) ( ) (	) it at home.	する英文をつくりなさい。
各組の英文がほぼ同じ内容になるように、( ) に適語を入れなさい。 (1) Mr. Green spoke so fast that I couldn't take notes. Mr. Green spoke so fast that I ( ) ( ) ( ) take not	A es.	Mayu
(2) It's impossible for Leo to have made such a simple mistake.	C	
Leo ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake. (3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.	(C)	[stay/late] [break/window]
Leo ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.	_	•
Leo ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.  You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.	A	
Leo ( ) ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  (3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.  You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.  (4) You don't need to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.	A	ω
Leo ( ) ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  (3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.  You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.  (4) You don't need to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  You don't ( ) to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.	Δ	ω
Leo ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  33 Don't use the gym this afternoon.  You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.  49 You don't need to attend P.E. class if yon feel unwell.  You don't ( ) to attend P.E. class if you feel mel mistake.  55 Ms. Koga, could you tell me where to park my bicycle?  Ms. Koga, could you tell me where I ( ) park my bicycle?	Δ	(1)(2)
Leo ( ) ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  (3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.  You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.  (4) You don't need to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  You don't ( ) to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  S Ms. Koga, could you tell me where to park my bicycle?  Ms. Koga, could you tell me where I ( ) park my bicycle?	A A	(1)(2)
Leo ( ) ( ) ( ) such a simple mistake.  (3) Don't use the gym this afternoon.  (4) You ( ) ( ) use the gym this afternoon.  (4) You don't need to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  You don't ( ) to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  So don't ( ) to attend P.E. class if you feel unwell.  So Ms. Koga, could you tell me where to park my bicycle?  Ms. Koga, could you tell me where I ( ) park my bicycle?  日本語に合うように、( ) 内の語句を整べかえ、全文を書きなさい。  1) きみならきと治派に合格できるよ。	Δ	(1)(2)
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	入試問題に挑戦 ②			2	下線部のうち、誤った英語表現を含むものを 1 つ選び、○を付けなさい。
•	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				(1) I'm sorry, but I <u>refeel</u> a little <u>sconfusing</u> by <u>swhat you've rold me</u> .
	) に入る最も適切な語句を①~②から選びなさい。				(2) Akira <u>looked</u> nice <u>in</u> a suit, <u>what</u> he <u>rarely</u> wears at work. (名場
	You have to hurry because you don't have ( ) time.     many ② much ③ more	④ little	(帝塚山大)	3	意味の通る英文になるように、( ) 内の語句を並べかえ、全文を書きなさい。
	2) I have ( ) great news for you.  (i) a (2) some (3) many	(4) several	(東京造形大)		(1) I ( more / make / phone call to / have / one ) before I leave.  (2) Kana: I haven't heard from Rei since he left for New York to study English. How about you Namie: I ( a / English / from / got / him yesterday / in / letter written ).
	3) The theater is almost filled, but there are ( ) seats le ① a few ② a little ③ no		(大正大)		
	4) The guy ( ) to us is my best friend. ① waves ② waving ③ has wave	d ④ was wav	(神奈川大) ing		(3) My sister shops too much, and she knows it.  She saws, "I can't ( buv / control / mv desire / thines / to )," (EMB
	5) The famous company ( ) by the local government we ① run ② is run ③ running	nt bankrupt last month. ④ was run	(跡見学園女子大)		(4) I have a (who / a strange / friend / had ) experience. (大阪部)
	6) The test result was ( ). ① to disappoint ② disappoint ③ disappoi	ated ④ disappoi	(大阪学院大) nting		(47) I have a \ \text{viiio} f a surange f inclind f have f experience.
	7) I ( ) while watching the movie. It was not interesting ① bored ② boring ③ was bore		4	4 日本語に合うように、( ) 内の語句を並べかえ、全文を書きなさい。 (1) 日本に住む外国人が急増している。 (十文字字例女:	
	8) Can I borrow something ( ) with? ① write ② writing ③ to write	④ written	(江戸川大)		The number of foreigners ( is / Japan / living / increasing / in ) at a rapid rate.
	9) Many people think that studying abroad is the best way ( ① of ② to ③ for	) learn a foreign la ④ in	nguage.(中部大)		(2) 産まれた自転車は、駅の近くで見つかりました。 (産業能制 The ( bike / found / station / stolen / was / near / the ).
	10) Emily lives in a house ( ) is 100 years old.  ① how ② what ③ which	4 who	(京都先端科学大)		(3) この問題を解決するのに、3 つ効果的な方法があります。 (専権
	11) The company seeks an individual ( ) has excellent ① which ② whom ③ who	communication skills. ④ in which	(亜細亜大)		There (to/are/effective/three/ways/solve) this problem.
	12) Please bring me the green file ( ) you will find on n () what (2) which (3) where	y desk. ④ whateve	(大阪経済大) r		(4) 私がクローゼットにしまっておいた傘は壊れている。 (東京経7 The umbrella ( in / that / I / stored / closet / the / is ) broken.
	(13) The dishwasher ( ) I bought yesterday has already (1) whose (2) who's (3) what	broken down.  (4) which	(武蔵野大)		(5) カナダで撮った写真をあなたに見せましょうか。 (産業能
	14) Jade said she saw a movie last night, ( ) was not tru ① which ② and ③ when		(熊本保健科学大)		Shall I (I/in/took/show/the pictures/you) Canada?
	15) This is the restaurant ( ) we had lunch last week.  ① which ② where ③ at where	④ on which	(和洋女子大) n		(6) これは昨年多くの賞を受賞した映画だ。 (東京経形 This ( is / the / awards / that / many / won / movie ) last year.
	16) The travel agent advised us to go in the winter, ( ) when ② which ③ what	he prices are lower.  ④ of which	(目白大)		(7) 僕が育った家では、いつもテレビがついていた。 (大阪学院 I grew up(was / where / always on / a home / in / the television ).