

[A] 空所にあてはまる適切な語を選びなさい。

- (1) () all rainwater falling from a cloud reaches the ground. (近畿大)
 ①No ②None ③Not ④Nowhere (1) _____
- (2) This coat is too big and that one is too small. () fits me. (東京工芸大)
 ①Neither ②Either ③Both ④They (2) _____
- (3) Not until doctors have completed their internships () to practice medicine as a profession. (東海大)
 ①did they begin ②they could begin ③they begin ④can they begin (3) _____
- (4) Never () so many stars in the sky as I saw that night. (神奈川大)
 ①had I seen ②I was seen ③was I seen ④I had seen (4) _____
- (5) They say that the poor are not () unhappy. (日本大)
 ①sometimes ②always ③hardly ④never (5) _____
- (6) My wife doesn't like jazz, and (). (岩手医科大)
 ①so do I ②neither do I ③as I do ④I don't, too (6) _____
- (7) "I can't believe what he said." "I can't, ()." (松山大)
 ①too ②also ③neither ④either (7) _____
- (8) Andy seldom, (), watches TV. (千葉工業大)
 ①if any ②if ever ③by far ④as if (8) _____
- (9) This is the () thing I want. (摂南大)
 ①much ②very ③already ④many (9) _____

[B] 2つの文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入る適切なものをそれぞれ選びなさい。

- (10) 私は今日何もしなかった。
 (a) I didn't do () today.
 ① anything ② something ③ everything ④ nothing
- (b) I did () today.
 ① anything ② something ③ everything ④ nothing (山梨学院大) (10) _____

[C] 日本語の意味に合うように、与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。

- (11) 昨日泥棒を捕まえたのはこの少年です。
 It (boy / caught / that / this / was) the robber yesterday. (日本大)
 (11) _____
- (12) 多くの学生が卒業前にやりたいこととは何だろうか。
 (are / is / it / many students / that / what) interested in doing before graduation? (近畿大)
 (12) _____
- (13) メアリーは、ヘビを少しも怖がらない。
 Mary is (not / of / the / afraid / in / least) snakes. (中京大)
 (13) _____
- (14) 彼が家に帰るとすぐに雨がやんだ。
 No (home / sooner / stopped / arrived / it / had / than / he) raining. (龍谷大)
 (14) _____

[D] 2つの文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入る適切な語を書きなさい。

- (15) Hiro makes mistakes every time he types.
 Hiro can't type () () mistakes. (大阪教育大) (15) _____

[A] 空所にあてはまる適切な語を選びなさい。

- (1) (Not) all rainwater falling from a cloud reaches the ground. (近畿大) ③ [→ 405]
 ◆ not all 「すべて…とは限らない」 【not all】
- (2) This coat is too big and that one is too small. (Neither) fits me. (東京工芸大) ① [→ 409]
 ◆ neither 「(2者のうち) どちらも…ない」 【neither】
- (3) Not until doctors have completed their internships (can they begin) to practice medicine as a profession. (東海大) ④ [→ 432]
 ◆ 否定語を含む副詞節が文頭に出ると倒置が起きる 【Not until 節+倒置形】
- (4) Never (had I seen) so many stars in the sky as I saw that night. (神奈川大) ① [→ 427]
 ◆ 否定語を文頭に出すと倒置が起きる 【倒置・never】
- (5) They say that the poor are not (always) unhappy. (日本大) ② [→ 406]
 ◆ not always 「必ずしも…とは限らない」 【not always】
- (6) My wife doesn't like jazz, and (neither do I). (岩手医科大) ② [→ 436]
 ◆ neither + 助動詞 [be 動詞] + S 「S もまた…でない」 【neither + 助動詞 [be 動詞] + S】
- (7) "I can't believe what he said." "I can't, (either)." ④ [→ 410]
 ◆ 否定文の文尾に用いるeither 「～もまた (…ない)」 【not ... , either】
- (8) Andy seldom, (if ever), watches TV. (千葉工業大) ② [→ 440]
 ◆ if ever 「(頻度が) たとえあるにしても」 【if ever】
- (9) This is the (very) thing I want. (摂南大) ② [→ 426]
 ◆ the very + 名詞 「まさに…」 【the very + 名詞】

[B] 2つの文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入る適切なものをそれぞれ選びなさい。

- (10) (a) I didn't do (anything) today.
 (b) I did (nothing) today. (山梨学院大) (a) ① (b) ④ [→ 407]
 ◆ not ... anything 「何も…ない」 / nothing 「何もない」 【anything / nothing】

[C] 日本語の意味に合うように、与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。

- (11) It was **this boy that caught** the robber yesterday. (日本大)
 It was **this boy that caught** the robber yesterday. [→ 421]
 ◆ 強調する語句をit is[was] とthat の間に置く 【強調構文・主語の強調】
- (12) **What is it that many students are** interested in doing before graduation? (近畿大)
What is it that many students are interested in doing before graduation? [→ 423]
 ◆ 疑問詞+ is[was] it that ~? 【強調構文・疑問詞の強調】
- (13) Mary is **not in the least afraid of** snakes. (中京大)
 Mary is **not in the least afraid of** snakes. [→ 413]
 ◆ not in the least 「少しも…でない」 【not in the least】
- (14) No **sooner had he arrived home than it stopped** raining. (龍谷大)
 No **sooner had he arrived home than it stopped** raining. [→ 430]
 ◆ no sooner ... than ~ 「…するとすぐに～」 【no sooner ... than ~】

[D] 2つの文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入る適切な語を書きなさい。

- (15) Hiro can't type (without making) mistakes. (大阪教育大) without making [→ 419]
 ◆ can' t ~ without doing 「…することなしに～できない」 【can' t [cannot] ~ without doing】