

[A] 空所に入る適語を選びなさい。

- (1) The teacher was disappointed when () her students did badly on the test.
①almost ②most ③the most ④most of (1) _____
- (2) () students attended the science class every week.
①Most of ②Most ③Almost ④About (2) _____
- (3) I wanted to drink beer but there was () in the refrigerator.
①none ②not ③nor ④no (3) _____
- (4) There are tall buildings on () side of the street.
①both ②opposite ③all ④either (4) _____
- (5) Most of the work that most people have to do is not in () interesting.
①them ②itself ③that ④little (5) _____
- (6) He was () himself with worry about his sick mother.
①beyond ②for ③beside ④by (6) _____
- (7) The physician will examine all of you ().
①the one after the other ②one after others
③one after the another ④one after another (7) _____
- (8) Yoko and I didn't know the time because () of us had a watch.
①both ②not ③neither ④either (8) _____
- (9) My sister and I are afraid of heights, so () of us hate to fly in airplanes.
①neither ②either ③both ④all (9) _____

[B] 空所に共通する一語を入れなさい。

- (10) (a) Wealth, as (), does not matter much.
(b) She told her story in () a way that we all laughed. (10) _____

[C] 同じような意味になるように、空所に適語を書きなさい。

- (11) (a) The matter doesn't concern me in the least.
(b) I have () to do with the matter. (11) _____

[D] 誤りのある箇所を指摘して、正しく直しなさい。

- (12) Trademarks make ①it possible for a company to distinguish ②its products from ③these of ④another company. (12) _____

[E] 日本語の意味に合うように、与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。

- (13) 私は1日おきに息子に皿洗いをさせている。
I have my son (other / dishes / the / day / do / every).
(13) _____

- (14) お疲れのようですね。どうぞ入っておくつろぎください。
You look tired. Do (make / home / come in / at / yourself / and).
(14) _____

- (15) ジョンが日本語を話せるのは興味深いことだと思います。
(I / John / that / think / interesting / Japanese / can / it / speak).
(15) _____

[A] 空所に入る適語を選びなさい。

- (1) The teacher was disappointed when (most of) her students did badly on the test. ④ [→ 736]
 ● 空所のあとは〈所有格+複数名詞〉 most of A 「Aのほとんど/Aの大部分」
- (2) (Most) students attended the science class every week. ② [→ 737]
 ● 空所のあとの複数名詞studentsに注目 〈most+名詞〉 「ほとんどの…/大部分の…」
- (3) I wanted to drink beer but there was (none) in the refrigerator. ① [→ 730]
 ● noneの用法
- (4) There are tall buildings on (either) side of the street. ④ [→ 728]
 ● 〈either+単数名詞〉 「どちらか一方の」/「両方の」
- (5) Most of the work that most people have to do is not in (itself) interesting. ② [→ 762]
 ● in itself 「それ自体/本質的に」
- (6) He was (beside) himself with worry about his sick mother. ③ [→ 761]
 ● be beside oneself (with A) 「(Aで) 我を忘れる/取り乱す」
- (7) The physician will examine all of you (one after another). ④ [→ 745]
 ● one after another 「次々に」
- (8) Yoko and I didn't know the time because (neither) of us had a watch. ③ [→ 726]
 ● neither (of A) 「(Aの) どちらも…ない」
- (9) My sister and I are afraid of heights, so (both) of us hate to fly in airplanes. ③ [→ 725]
 ● 空所の部分を主語にする動詞の形はhate both(of A) 「(Aの) 両方」

[B] 空所に共通する一語を入れなさい。

- (10) (a) Wealth, as (such), does not matter much.
 (b) She told her story in (such) a way that we all laughed. such [→ 748]
 ● as such 「そのこと自体 (は) /それだけで (は)」

[C] 同じような意味になるように、空所に適語を書きなさい。

- (11) I have (nothing) to do with the matter. nothing [→ 751]
 ● have nothing to do with A 「Aと無関係である」

[D] 誤りのある箇所を指摘して、正しく直しなさい。

- (12) Trademarks make it possible for a company to distinguish its products from (those) of another company. ③→those [→ 717]
 ● its productsと比較するのはthe products of another company those of A

[E] 日本語の意味に合うように、与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。

- (13) I have my son (do the dishes every other day). I have my son **do the dishes every other day** . [→ 735]
 ● 〈every other+単数名詞〉 「1つおきの〈名詞〉…で」
- (14) You look tired. Do (come in and make yourself at home). You look tired. Do **come in and make yourself at home** . [→ 759]
 ● Make yourself at home. 「くつろいでください」 (=Feel relaxed.)
- (15) (I think it interesting that John can speak Japanese). **I think it interesting that John can speak Japanese** . [→ 714]
 ● 〈S think it+形容詞+that節〉の形 形式目的語のit