[A] 空所に入る適語を選びなさい。	
(1) Our French teacher ( ) here by now because he took the early bus.  ①ought to have arrived ②must arrive ③may arrive ④can arrive	(1)
(2) It is regrettable that Annie ( ) waste her artistic talent.  ①could not ②should ③should not ④ought to	(2)
(3) I ( ) not to tell my father the true state of his health.  ①better ②must ③should ④ought	(3)
(4) He ( ) to look after his children better.  ①ought ②must ③have ④should	(4)
(5) The wedding party ( ) a lot of money. There were a lot of guests, and the hotel was the city.	
①will cost ②cannot have cost ③must have cost ④could not cost  (6) As it is raining, I would ( ) stay at home.  ①rather ②have ③like ④better	(5)
(7) Kate ( ) her way, for she has come here several times.  ①can't have lost ②couldn't lose ③could have lost ④can be lost	(7)
(8) Tom ( ) there yesterday, but we didn't see him.  ①may have been ②must have to be ③should be ④might be	(8)
(9) He ( ) be in because I can hear his radio.  ①must have ②has ③must ④shall	(9)
[B] 日本語に合うように、空所に入る適語を書きなさい。	
(10) あなたはEメールを送ってくれるだけでいいんです。 You ( ) only to send me an e-mail.	(10)
[C] 同じような意味になるように,空所に適語を書きなさい。	
(11) (a) Tom has good reason to be angry. (b)Tom may ( ) be angry.	(11)
[D] 誤りのある箇所を指摘して,正しく直しなさい。	
(12) In $\textcircled{1}$ fact, $\textcircled{2}$ since French fashions were $\textcircled{3}$ so popular, American dressmakers used to $\textcircled{4}$ names to French ones.	hanging their (12)
[E] 日本語の意味に合うように,与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。	
(13) あんな寒い夜に彼女を待たせておくべきではなかった。 You (to / not / kept / have / ought) her waiting on such a cold night.	
(13)	
(14) 友を選ぶのにいくら注意してもしすぎることはありません。 (your friends / cannot / in / you / of / careful / too / choice / be / the).	
(14)	
[F] 与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。	
(15) I ( as / at / home / stay / might / well ) as join in a package tour.	
(15)	

## 助動詞] 英文法·語法Vintage 3rd Edition 【新三年生用】第2回[第3章

## [A] 空所に入る適語を選びなさい。 (1) Our French teacher ( ought to have arrived ) here by now because he took the early bus. ① $[\rightarrow 68]$ ● by now 「今ごろはもう」に注目 should[ought to] have done 「(今ごろはもう)…して(しまっ て) いるはずだ」 (2) It is regrettable that Annie ( should ) waste her artistic talent. $\bigcirc$ [ $\rightarrow$ 72] ● regrettable「残念な」は感情を表す形容詞 that節で用いるshould (3) I (ought) not to tell my father the true state of his health. ● 空所の後のnot toに注目 ought not to do 「…すべきでない」 (4) He (ought) to look after his children better. $\bigcirc$ [ $\rightarrow$ 51] ● 空所の後のtoに注目 ought to do 「…すべきである/…した方がよい」 (5) The wedding party ( must have cost ) a lot of money. There were a lot of guests, and the hotel was the best in the city. ● 過去の内容であることに注目 must have done 「…したにちがいない/…であったにちがいない」 (6) As it is raining, I would ( rather ) stay at home. $\bigcirc$ [ $\rightarrow$ 57] ● than以下が省略されている would rather do ...「(むしろ) …したい」 (7) Kate (can't have lost) her way, for she has come here several times. ● 経験を表す現在完了has comeに注目 cannot[can't] have done 「…したはずがない/…であったはず がない」 (8) Tom ( may have been ) there yesterday, but we didn't see him. ● 過去の内容であることに注目 may[might] have done 「…したかもしれない/…であったかもしれ ない」 (9) He ( must ) be in because I can hear his radio. $\bigcirc$ $\rightarrow 45$ ● 理由を述べて判断している must 「…にちがいない」 [B] 日本語に合うように、空所に入る適語を書きなさい。 (10) You ( have [need] ) only to send me an e-mail. have [need] $[\rightarrow 49]$ ● 〈have to do〉 + 〈only〉 と考える have only to do 「…するだけでよい」 [C] 同じような意味になるように、空所に適語を書きなさい。 (11) Tom may (well) be angry. well $[\rightarrow 77]$ ● may[might] well do 「…するのももっともだ」 [D] 誤りのある箇所を指摘して,正しく直しなさい。 (12) In fact, since French fashions were so popular, American dressmakers used to ( change ) their names to French ones.

- $4 \rightarrow \text{change} [\rightarrow 61]$ 
  - used toのあとは動詞の原形 used to do 「(以前は)よく…したものだ」─過去の習慣的動作
- [E] 日本語の意味に合うように、与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。
- (13) You ( ought not to have kept ) her waiting on such a cold night.
  - You **ought not to have kept** her waiting on such a cold night.  $[\rightarrow 70]$
  - notの位置に注意 should not[ought not to] have done 「…すべきではなかったのに(実際は…し

た) 」

## 【新三年生用】第2回[第3章 助動詞] 英文法·語法Vintage 3rd Edition

(14) (You cannot be too careful in the choice of your friends).

You cannot be too careful in the choice of your friends .  $[ \rightarrow 74]$ 

● cannot[can't] ... too~ 「いくら~してもしすぎることはない」

## [F] 与えられた語句を正しく並べかえなさい。

(15) I ( might as well stay at home ) as join in a package tour.

I might as well stay at home as join in a package tour.  $[\rightarrow 78]$ 

● may[might] as well do ... as do~ 「~するより…する方がいい」